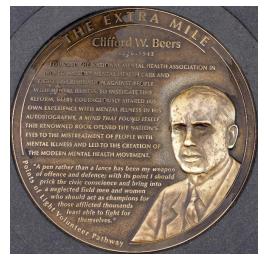


Mental Health America







A Century of Advocacy "I must fight in the open."

- To move mental health care from poor houses and prisons to health care facilities;
- To screen children for mental health conditions;
- To move dollars from custodial institutions to community-based programs;
- To make mental health a part of overall health.

-- 1913 Policy Agenda, National Committee for Mental Hygiene





What gives me the legitimacy to be here: It's personal!





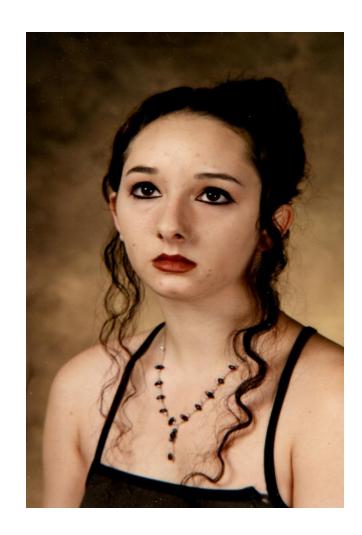
I know what families experience

Four very difficult years

- No sugarcoating four years of unrelenting deep depression and suicidality
- Revolving door of inpatient hospitalizations, partial programs, outpatient and dozens of psych meds
- Age 14 was considered an adult at that time in PA
- I wanted to put a sack over her head, tie her up, and lock her in a closet!

Privilege made the difference

- In getting help—and getting it early
- Cobbling together treatment, pre-parity, and the role of really good credit
- Ashley at the center—the quintessential example of shared decision making!



The State of Mental Health in America Prior to COVID-19

Major depression in youth has increased 4.35% over the last 6 years.

2 MILLION YOUTH have depression with severe impairment.

Now OVER

Youth mental health is worsening:

- From 2012 to 2017, the prevalence of past-year Major Depressive Episode (MDE) increased from 8.66 percent to 13.01 percent of youth ages 12-17
- Increase in the prevalence of MDE with severe role impairment in the past year, from 7 percent of youth to 9.2 percent in 2017



Suicidal Ideation Continues to Increase

- Suicidal ideation among adults increased from 3.77 percent in 2012 to 4.19 percent in 2017
- The highest increases in rates of suicidal ideation were found in young adults, ages 18-25
- Job strain and unemployment have been identified as risk factors for suicide among adults



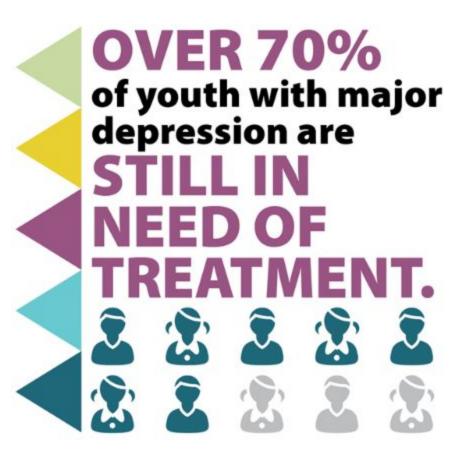


Millions of Americans Continue to Lack Access to Care



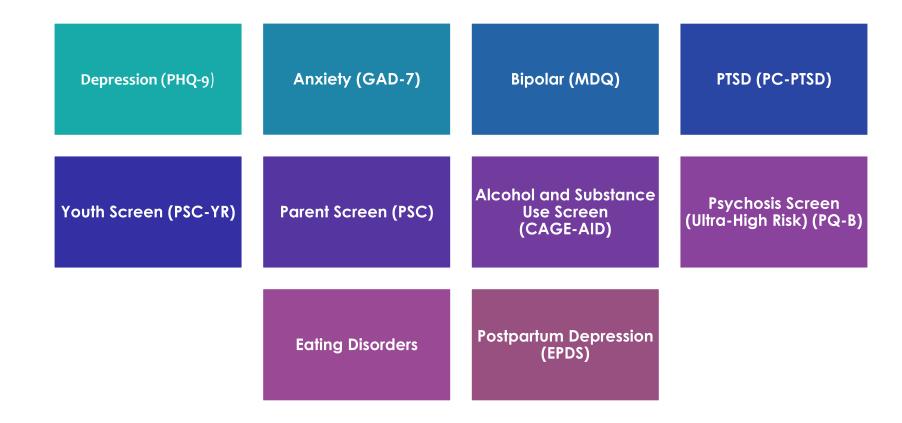
have an unmet need for mental health treatment.

That number has NOT DECLINED since 2011.





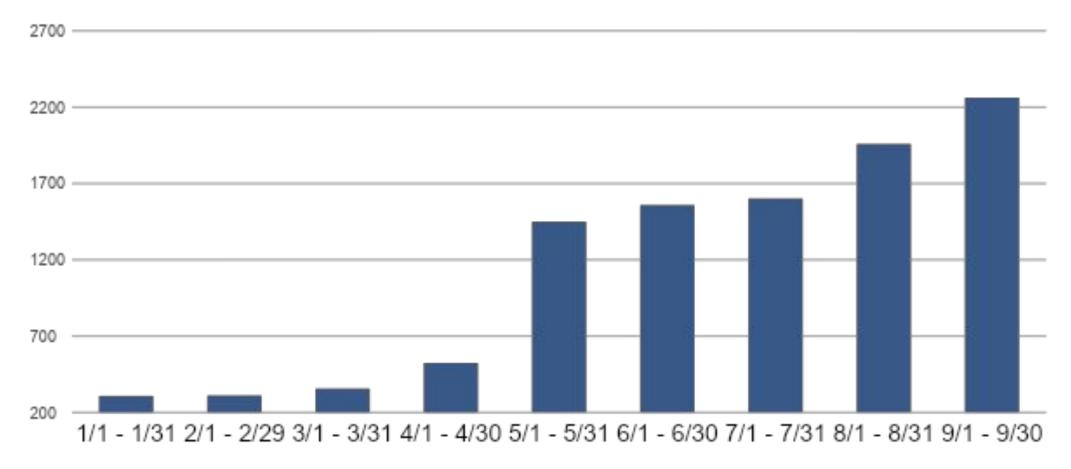
MHA Screening (<u>www.mhascreening.org</u>): Over 6 Million Completed Screens



MHA Screening reflects the experiences of a help-seeking population that accesses mental health screening through www.mhascreening.org.
We do not reach the entire population; therefore our numbers are likely to underreport the actual experiences of the population.

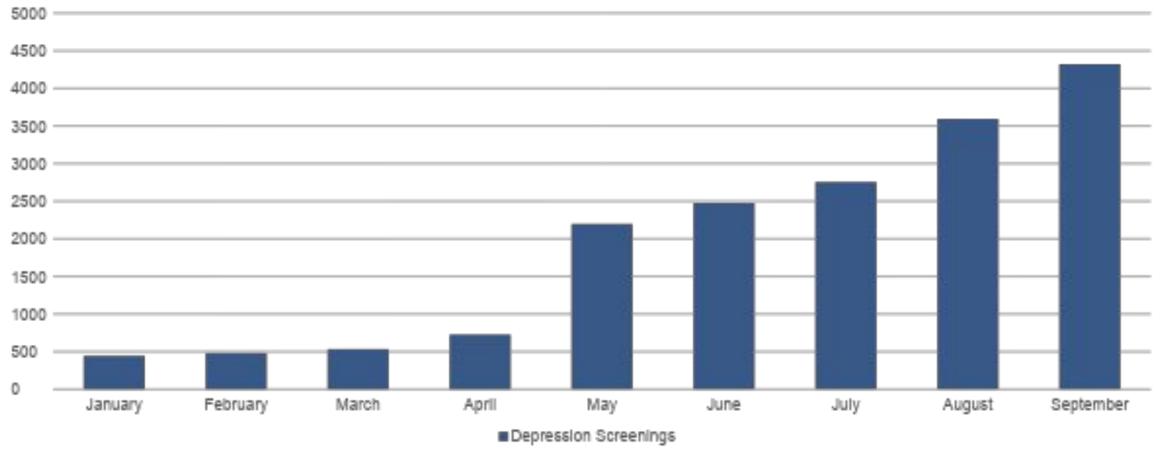


In September, Per Day Anxiety Screenings Increased by 634% over January





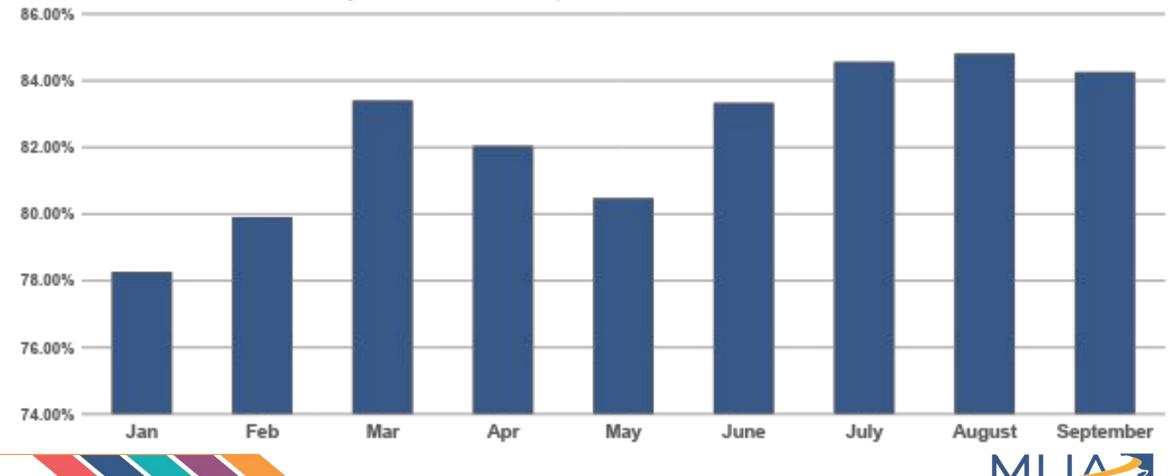
In September, Per Day Depression Screenings Increased by 873% over January





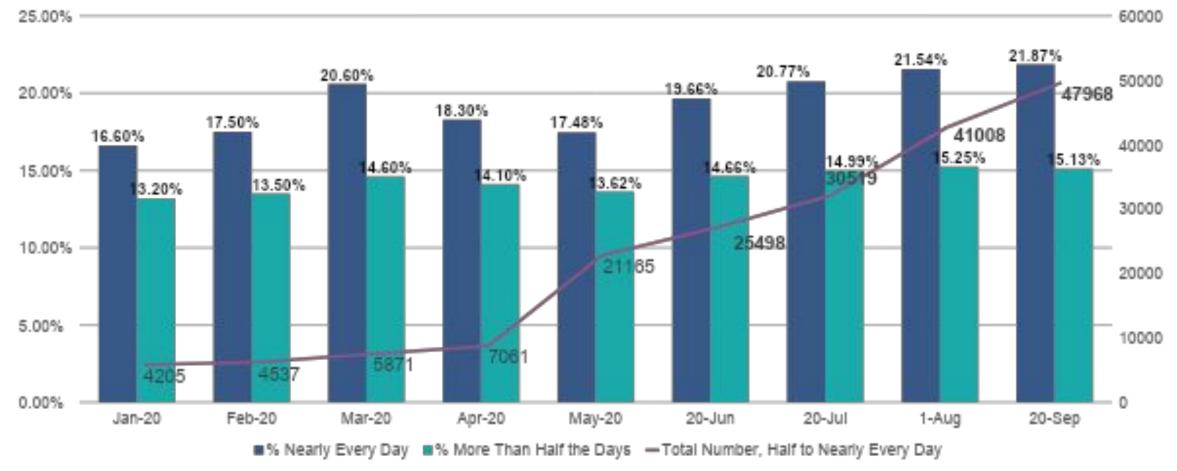
Screeners Are Not "Worried Well": Over 80% Moderate to Severe Since March 2020

Depression Screeners, Percent Moderate to Severe





Nearly 48,000 People Considered Self-Harm or Suicide in September



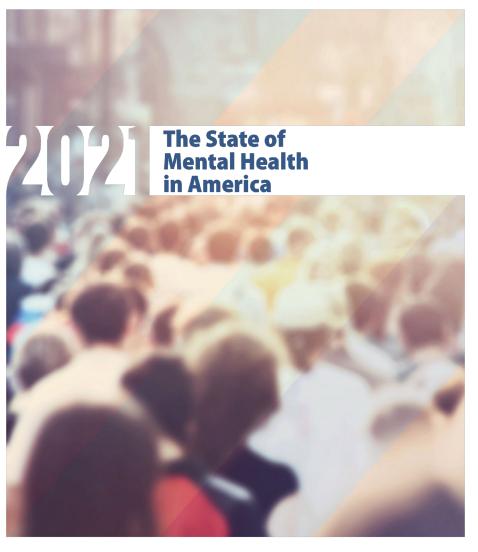


September Screeners: The Main Things Contributing to Mental Health Problems Right Now

Reason	Number of Responders	Percent of Respondents
Loneliness or isolation	92,142	70.69%
Past trauma	59,417	45.58%
Relationship problems	54,807	42.05%
Grief or loss	34,245	26.27%
Current events (news, politics, etc.)	34,109	26.17%
Coronavirus	31,979	24.53%
Financial Problems	30,573	23.46%
Racism	10,219	7.84%

N=130,346, scoring moderate to severe anxiety or depression 9/1-9/30, "Choose up to 3"









Overall Ranking

An overall ranking 1-13 indicates lower prevalence of mental illness and higher rates of access to care. An overall ranking 39-51 indicates higher prevalence of mental illness and lower rates of access to care. The combined scores of all 15 measures make up the overall ranking. The overall ranking includes both adult and youth measures as well as prevalence and access to care measures.

The 15 measures that make up the overall ranking include:

- 1. Adults with Any Mental Illness (AMI)
- 2. Adults with Substance Use Disorder in the Past Year
- 3. Adults with Serious Thoughts of Suicide
- Youth with At Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in the Past Year
- 5. Youth with Substance Use Disorder in the Past Year
- 6. Youth with Severe MDE
- 7. Adults with AMI who Did Not Receive Treatment
- 8. Adults with AMI Reporting Unmet Need
- 9. Adults with AMI who are Uninsured
- Adults with Cognitive Disability who Could Not See a Doctor Due to Costs
- Youth with MDE who Did Not Receive Mental Health Services
- Youth with Severe MDE who Received Some Consistent Treatment
- Children with Private Insurance that Did Not Cover Mental or Emotional Problems

15.00

10.00

5.00

- Students Identified with Emotional Disturbance for an Individualized Education Program
- 15. Mental Health Workforce Availability

The chart is a visual representation of the sum of the scores for each state. It provides an opportunity to see the difference between ranked states. For example, Vermont (ranked 1) has a score that is higher than Rhode Island (ranked 12). South Dakota (ranked 16) has a score that is closest to the average.

State	Rank
Vermont	1
Pennsylvania	2
Massachusetts	3
Maryland	4
New Jersey	5
New York	6
Minnesota	7
Hawaii	8
District of Columbia	9
Delaware	10
Ohio	11
Rhode Island	12
Connecticut	13
Maine	14
Michigan	15
South Dakota	16
	17
Kentucky	18
New Hampshire	1,7
Wisconsin	19
Nebraska	20
Louisiana	21
Illinois	22
lowa	23
North Dakota	24
California	25
Virginia	26
Texas	27
Tennessee	28
Kansas	29
Montana	30
Washington	31
Mississippi	32
Indiana	33
New Mexico	34
Florida	35
Alabama	36
Georgia	37
Missouri	38
West Virginia	39
Arizona	40
North Carolina	41
Arkansas	42
South Carolina	43
Wyoming	44
Oklahoma	45
Utah	46
Colorado	47
Oregon	48
Alaska	49
Idaho	50
Nevada	51

-10.00

-5.00

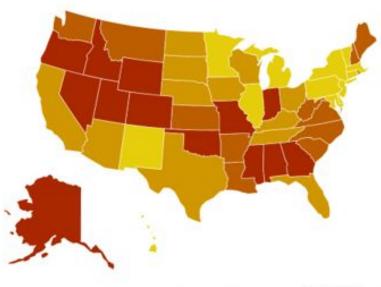


Adult Rankings

States that are ranked 1-13 have lower prevalence of mental illness and higher rates of access to care for adults. States that are ranked 39-51 indicate that adults have higher prevalence of mental illness and lower rates of access to care.

The 7 measures that make up the Adult Ranking include:

- 1. Adults with Any Mental Illness (AMI)
- 2. Adults with Substance Use Disorder in the Past Year
- 3. Adults with Serious Thoughts of Suicide
- 4. Adults with AMI who Did Not Receive Treatment
- 5. Adults with AMI Reporting Unmet Need
- 6. Adults with AMI who are Uninsured
- 7. Adults with Cognitive Disability who Could Not See a Doctor Due to Costs



Ranked 1-13 Ranked 39-51

	State
Rank	
1	Hawaii
2	New York
3	New Jersey
4	Minnesota
5	Pennsylvania
- 6	Michigan
7	Maryland
8	New Mexico
9	Massachusetts
10	Vermont
- 11	Illinois
12	Connecticut
13	Delaware
14	Ohio
15	Texas
16	Kentucky
17	Arizona
18	Tennessee
19	lowa
20	South Dakota
21	California
22	Nebraska
23	North Dakota
24	Wisconsin
25	Florida
26	Rhode Island
27	West Virginia
28	New Hampshire
29	Virginia
30	Arkansas
31	Maine
32	South Carolina
33	Louisiana
34	Montana
35	North Carolina
36	District of Columbia
37	Washington
38	Kansas
39	Indiana
40	Alabama
41	Oklahoma
42	Nevada
43	Georgia
44	Missouri
45	Mississippi
46	Wyoming
47	Idaho
48	Colorado
49	Oregon
50	Alaska
51	Utah



Youth Rankings

States with rankings 1-13 have lower prevalence of mental illness and higher rates of

access to care for youth. States with rankings 39-51 indicate that youth have higher prevalence of mental illness and lower rates of access to care.

The 7 measures that make up the Youth Ranking include:

- 1. Youth with At Least One Major Depressive Episode (MDE) in the Past Year
- 2. Youth with Substance Use Disorder in the Past Year
- 3. Youth with Severe MDE
- 4. Youth with MDE who Did Not Receive Mental Health Services
- 5. Youth with Severe MDE who Received Some Consistent Treatment
- Children with Private Insurance that Did Not Cover Mental or Emotional Problems
- 7. Students Identified with Emotional Disturbance for an Individualized Education Program





Rank	State	
1	Vermont	
2	Pennsylvania	
3	District of Columbia	
4	Maryland	
5	Massachusetts	
6	New Jersey	
7	Rhode Island	
8	Delaware	
9	Maine	
10	Minnesota	
11	Ohio	
12	New York	
13	South Dakota	
14	New Hampshire	
15	Wisconsin	
16	Louisiana	
17	Connecticut	
18	Mississippi	
19	Kentucky	
20	Virginia	
21	Nebraska	
22	lowa	
23	Hawaii	
24	Alabama	
25	North Dakota	
26	Kansas	
27	Michigan	
28	Indiana	
29	Georgia	
30	Texas	
31	Missouri	
32	Utah	
33	California	
34	Tennessee	
35	Washington	
36	Illinois	
37	Montana	
38	Florida	
39	West Virginia	
40	Alaska	
41	Oregon	
42	A 100 A	
43	Colorado Wyoming	
44	South Carolina	
45	North Carolina	
46		
47	Oklahoma	
48	Arkansas	
49	Idaho	
50	Arizona	
	New Mexico	
51	Nevada	



What would well serve Maryland

- Not more court orders
- More dollars for existing programs
- Continuing to be among the top ranked states
- Instead of AOT:
- Outreach and engagement programs such as NYS
- Intensive and Sustained Engagement & (INSET) program





New York's INSET Program—4 counties and counting

The INSET model of integrated peer and professional services provides rapid, intensive, flexible and sustained interventions to_help individuals who have experienced frequent periods of acute states of distress, frequent emergency room visits and hospitalizations and for whom prior programs of care and support have been ineffective. This peer driven, person-centered care coordination model looks beyond assessing individuals' symptoms and instead will address immediate needs while also establishing and/or strengthening networks for sustained support to help participants achieve their specific goals.

INSET requires that individuals are either AOT (Assisted Outpatient Treatment) involved or eligible and provides a voluntary alternative. Historically, these people have not remained engaged in meaningful treatment including the use of prescribed medications, nor have they achieved the successful management of symptoms of mental health and co-occurring conditions. Typically, these individuals have also lacked meaningful connections.



INSET team members

Peer Professional, voluntary, mobile program
The INSET staff works as a team to provide a rapid
response to individuals who are either referred or
self-referred by attending to the needs that the
participant perceives as most pressing
Staffing:

Program coordinator/team leader

Recovery specialists

Care coordinator

Benefits and entitlement specialist

Administrative assistant

Nurse practitioner consultant as needed



How programs like INSET are unique

- Primary focus is on engagement
- Includes people with lived experience
- Includes family members
- Targeted to those who are AOT eligible and those under AOT order
- 80%-90% engagement rate
- Saves counties, state, Medicaid dollars with reduced inpatient days, jail costs, crisis police calls, and court costs
- Keeps participants housed, engaged in treatment, and reduced substance use

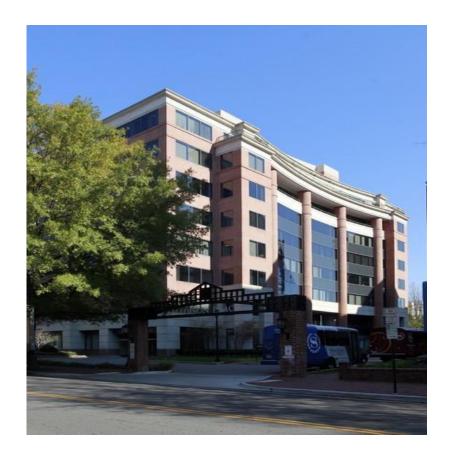


For More Resources

- For MHA COVID-19 resources: https://www.mhanational.org/covid19
- State of Mental Heath in America report: <u>https://mhanational.org/issues/state-mental-health-america</u>
- To take a free mental health screen: https://screening.mhanational.org



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